



Polar POD
An innovative zero
emission « ship » to
explore Austral ocean





Ifremer



- ➤ Ifremer in charge of the construction of Polar POD
- > SHIP-ST (naval design company) made the design
- Ship-ST
- Construction funded by ANR French Agency
- ➤ Ocean Polaire (Jean-Louis Etienne) in charge of the first austral expedition
- Expedition funded by Ocean Polaire
- > CNRS in charge of the scientific program
- After the expedition, integration of Polar POD in the french oceanographic fleet





















POLAR POD

- **➢** Concept : « vertical ship » based on US FLIP (Floating Instrument Platform)
- ➤ Expédition: 3 years 2 earth turns around Austral Ocean
- > 100 researchers involved 40 institutions and 10 countries







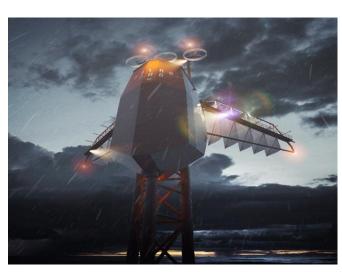


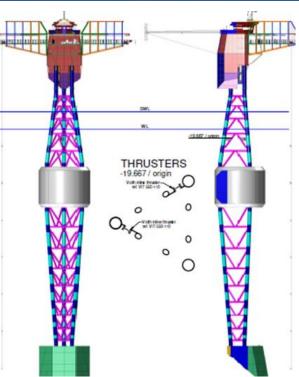




Characteristics

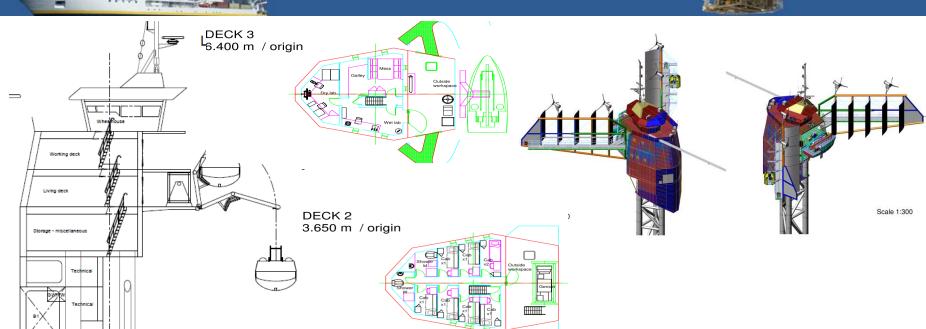
- \rightarrow 12.5m 42.5 length
- ➤ 60-74m draft
- ► 60m de air draft
- ➤ 1080 t
- > 8 persons on board
- ➤ 6 wind farms (2,5 kW each)
- Safety propellor (150 kW)











Waterline 12.5m/origin







Energy balance

Energy sources

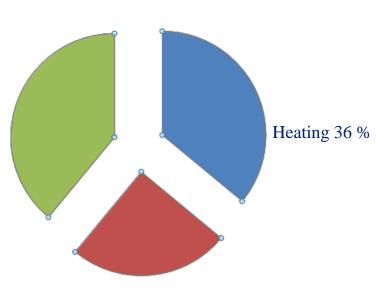
- \triangleright 6 wind farms 1 in backup : 1.92 kW each continuously = 230 kWh
- > Diesel alternator = 20 kW in backup mode (no wind,..)
- ➤ Diesel alternator = 220 kW in safety mode (propulsion, ..)
- ➤ Buffer batteries = 100 kWh
- Wind

Daily requirement

 \triangleright At 5 ° T in nominal mode = 210 kWh

Other 39 % Fridge, water heater, cooking,...





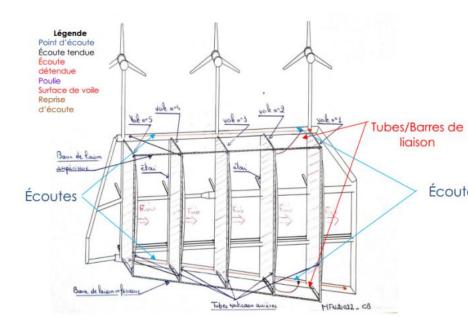
Science 25 %





Wind

- To cruise 0.5 knot faster than the current
- To orientate the Polar POD (to secure deployment of systems)
- To cruise broad reach to control trajectory (obstacle avoidance with large anticipation)



3







Water management

Grey waters

- > Disposal by gravity through a specific column under the keel
- Or temporarily stored in the nacelle

Black waters

➤ No black waters – composting toilet (BIOLET)

Laboratory waters (chemical pollution)

> Stored in tanks and unloaded during transfers



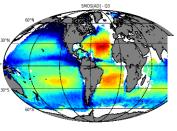


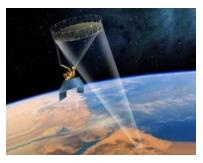


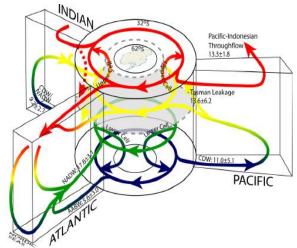


- ➤ Air-Sea exchanges in the Southern Ocean
- ➤ Long term monitoring of the Southern Ocean from remote sensing
- ➤ The biodiversity of the Southern Ocean
- > Anthropic impacts













A large panoply of scientific equipment

- SBES (EK80)
- Hydrophones (Passive Acoustic Monitoring)
- ➤ ADCP (300 and 45 kHz)
- > CTD, CO2, N2, O2,...
- Lidars
- > Samplers for contaminants
- Radiometers
- > ROV
- **>** ...







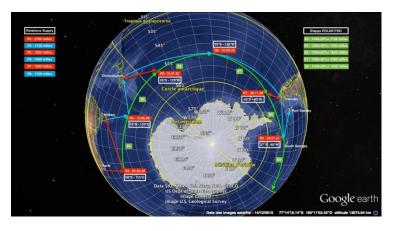


Transfer and supply

- Each 2-3 month
- \rightarrow HS = 4-5m max
- \triangleright Wind = 5-6 max

Statistically

- 2 times/year, sea state > Hs 4m duration is over 17 days
- ➤ 9 times/year, sea state > Hs 4m duration is over 8 days.













Ship supply = Perséverance owned by J.L. Etienne

A green ship for a green Polar POD

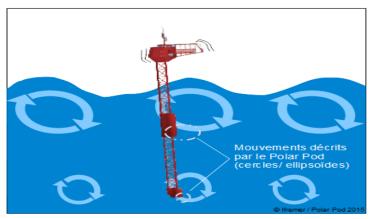
- \triangleright Length = 42.6m
- \triangleright Width = 11m
- \triangleright Masse = 310t
- > Crew = 8 persons
- ➤ Passengers = 12 persons

Ifremer









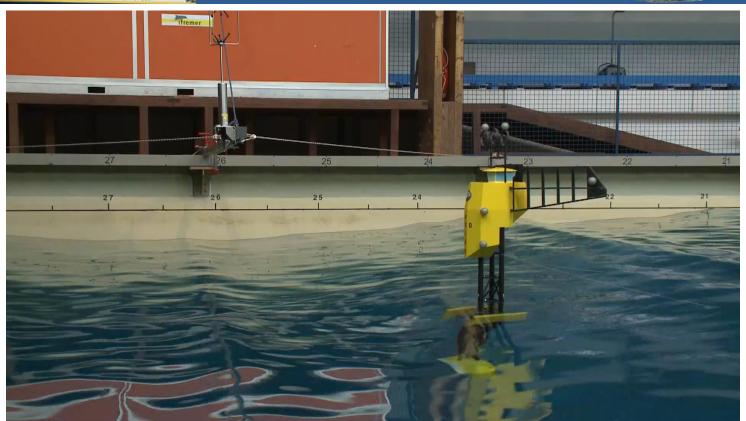
- ➤ Heave absorption of 80%
- ➤ Surge acceleration < 0,03g/wave height
- ➤ Vertical acceleration <0,007g/wave height
- ➤ Wind : 0 65 nœuds
- Extreme wind: 136 knots (gales)
- ➤ Wave Hs=15 m
- Extreme wave Hs=19m















Welcome onboard



The End